

Semi-Weekly Interior Journal.

VOL. XIV.

STANFORD, KY., TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1885.

NO. 70.

Semi-Weekly Interior Journal

Published Tuesdays and Fridays
\$2.00 PER ANNUM

When paid strictly in advance. If we have to wait any time, \$2.50 will be charged.

W. P. WALTON.

Blacksmith's Hammer Signals.

There are few persons either in the city or country who have not at times watched a blacksmith at work in his shop with his assistant or striker. They have noticed that the smith keeps up a constant succession of motions and taps with a small hand hammer, while with his left hand he turns and moves the hot iron which the assistant is striking with a sledge. The taps are not purposeless, but given entirely for the direction of the striker. According to a writer in the *Hardware Reporter*, the signals, as given by the blacksmith and wheelwright are as follows:

When the blacksmith gives the anvil quick, light blows, it is a signal to the helper to use the sledge or to strike quicker.

The force of the blows given by the blacksmith's hammer indicates the force of the blow it is required to give the sledge.

The blacksmith's helper is supposed to strike the work in the middle of the width of the anvil, and when this requires to be varied the blacksmith indicates where the sledge blows are to fall by touching the required spot with his hand hammer.

If the sledge is required to have a lateral motion while descending, the blacksmith indicates the same to the helper by delivering hand hammer blows in which the hand hammer moves in the direction required for the sledge to move.

If the blacksmith delivers a heavy blow upon the work and an intermediate light blow upon the anvil, it denotes that heavy sledge blows are required.

If there are two or more helpers the blacksmith strikes a blow between each helper's sledge hammer blow, the object being to merely denote where the sledge blows are to fall.

When the blacksmith desires the sledge blows to cease, he lets the hand hammer head fall upon the anvil and continue it rebound upon the same until it ceases.

Thus the movements of the hand hammer constitute signals to the helper, and what appear desultory blows to the common observer constitute the method of communication between the blacksmith and his helper.

A deacon in a Western town recently died. His pastor soon paid a visit of condolence to the bereaved widow. She asked the minister if he would like to see the funeral wreath. He assented. She led him to the much prized memento and pointed out its peculiarities. In a broken voice she said: "The red flowers were made of his red flannels; the white ones of his white flannels. The stems were made of the coffin shavings, and the pistils of his beard. The barrier and buds were made of the pills that were left when he died, and the feathery part was made of the feathers of the last chicken dear James killed before he was taken ill." All this she said without a pause for breath, and ended her ghastly description of the treasured wreath by imploring the bewildered clergyman to lead in prayer.—[Troy Times.]

A STRANGE GROWTH OF HAIR ON A CORPSE.—Two years ago Wm. A. Walters was buried in the Stone Chapel cemetery, in Woodcock Valley, Huntington county, Pa. The other day the body was exhumed for reinterment. When the coffin was reached the diggers discovered that it had sprung at the joints, and out of the crevices hair protruded. On opening the casket the hair on the head was found to measure eighteen inches, the whiskers eight inches, notwithstanding the body had been cleanly shaved when prepared for burial. A similar instance occurred in 1882 at the Casewell cemetery. Upon exhuming the remains of Jacob Casewell, the skeleton, which had been buried for ten years, had hair on it ten or twelve inches in length as firm as during life.

DEMOLISHED.—General W. B. Shattuc, of the Ohio & Mississippi Railway, has practically demolished the publishers of the *St. Louis Register* in his suit against them for libel. The *Register* people printed charges which they must have known were false, as they were gross imputations upon the character of a gentleman of known integrity, and the *Register* was promptly sued. Now the publishers cry *peccati* and wish to settle, but General Shattuc prefers a public vindication in the courts, and he is sure to obtain it. The *Register* will find lying an expensive luxury in this instance.—[Current Fact, Cincinnati, O., Oct. 10th, 1885.]

Edwin S. Springer, of Weymouth, was recently given a room at a Boston hotel at which was another lodger who snored very loud. Springer, after trying the usual methods of arousing him, secured a stout stick and gave him a beating, which so effectively aroused the sleeper that he rushed from the house and procured a police officer to arrest his assailant. The court seemed to think the provocation was not a great one and ordered the prisoner to be discharged on his own recognizance.

CRAB ORCHARD, LINCOLN COUNTY.

—Mrs. W. F. Kennedy and Mrs. Capt. T. G. Moore have returned home, since witnessing the closing exercises of the great Southern Exposition at Louisville.

—Prof. Hawes class in elocution will give an entertainment at the college building some time next month for the benefit of the improvement fund; due notice will be given and everybody invited. Also a musical entertainment and promenade concert is spoken of every Saturday night, provided it meets with the approbation of the patrons and pupils of the school.

—The following candidates were around shaking hands with the boys last week Sam Owens, "Little Eb," Kennedy and Mr. Cooper. "Little Eb" had somewhat the advantage of the other boys, having been one of the boys himself in former years, and necessarily held prior claims. The other gentlemen will also get a good vote in this precinct, if some of our own citizens are not candidates for the offices to which they aspire.

—Carson Bros. imported cow, Pheasant, No. 25,927, dropped a heifer calf by their bull, Signal, Oct. 30th. They have also had the good luck to have heifer calves from 3 registered cows within the last month. They also sold the two high grade Jersey cows that they had advertised in the *Inter-nation*, at fair prices. G. W. King sold his yearling mules advertised in last issue to a Mr. Wilson, of Tenn., at \$82.50 per head. Wm. Stuart sold to same parties 2 head at \$60 per head.

A NAME IN THE SAND.

Alone I walked the ocean strand,
A pebbly shell was in my hand;
I stopped and wrote upon the sand
My name, the year, the day.
As onward from the spot I passed,
One lining look behind I cast;
A wave came rolling high and fast,
And washed my line away.
And so, methought, 'twill quickly be,
With every mark on earth from me.
A wave of dark oblivion's sea,
Will sweep across the place
Where I have trod the sandy shore
Of time, and been, to be no more—
Of me, my day, the name I bore,
To leave no track or trace.
And yet with Him who counts the sands,
And holds the waters in His hands,
I know a lasting record stands
Inscribed against my name,
Of all this mortal part was wrought,
Of all this thinking soul has thought,
And from these fleeting moments caught,
For glory or for shame.
—[George D. Prentice.]

Wall Street Slang.

Stock-brokers have a dialect of their own that is caviare to the crowd. Like the trade-marks and "shop" terms of merchants, it must be explained to be intelligible to the multitude. It is pithy, pungent, scintillating and sometimes rank. It precisely characterizes every variation and aspect of the market. A broker or operator is "long of stocks" when "carrying" or holding them for a rise; "loads" himself by buying heavily, perhaps in "blocks" composed of any number of shares—say 5,000 or 10,000—bought in a lump, and is therefore a "bull," whose natural action is to lower his horns and give things a hoist. He "forces quotations" when he wishes to keep up the price of a stock; "balloons" it to a height above its intrinsic value by imaginative stories, fictitious sales, and kindred methods; takes "a dier," or small side venture, that does not employ his entire capital; "dies kites" when he expands his credit beyond judicious bounds; "holds the market" when he buys sufficient stock to prevent the price from declining; "milks the street" when he holds certain stocks so skillfully that he raises or depresses prices at pleasure, and thus absorbs some of the accessible cash in the street; buys when the "market is sick" from over-speculation; keenly examines "points"—theories or facts—on which to base speculation; "unloads" when he sells what has been carried for some time; has a "swimming market" when all is buoyant; "spills stock" when he throws great quantities upon the market, either from necessity or to "break" it, i. e., lower the price. He "saddles the market" by fastening a certain stock upon it, and is "out of" any stock when he has sold what he held of it.—[R. Wheatley, in Harper's Magazine for November.]

SPOILED.—The young man who is petted at home is becoming a nuisance. He is seldom of any good. What is wanted nowadays is a practical man, who can do something else besides smoke cigarettes and twist a cane. The time to learn to work and to learn business habits is in one's youth. He who leads the life of a butterfly until he is twenty-five or thirty years of age and then recognizes the fact that he has made an ass of himself, has precious little to recommend him when he applies for a job. This may be a chestnut, but it fits not a few young men of every city in the Union. The boys on the farm are better off if they only knew it than thousands of boys who are at large. There is nothing like being practical, and there is but one way to be so. Acquire business habits and train yourself to good, honest, hard work. Don't waste your time learning to tie a cravat. You can buy cravats already tied.—[Nelson County Record.]

—The Pulaski Court of Claims allowed a total of \$8,577.01 and fixed the county levy at 20 cents on the \$100; poll tax \$1. It gives a poor-house commissioner a salary of \$250 per year and \$1,500 to take care of the paupers.

PAINT LICK, GARRARD COUNTY.

—J. R. Wearen, our depot agent, is able to go to work again.

—Ward Brothers are macadamizing the street near their store.

—It is rumored that a widower near Lancaster will capture one of Lowell's handsome young ladies soon.

—Mrs. R. G. Ward returned home Monday from a two weeks' visit at London, which accounts for the broad grin Dick has had all over his face this week.

—Married on the 29th ult., at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. Campbell Hammonds, Mr. J. B. Douglass to Miss Alice B. Hammonds, Rev. E. E. Ervine officiating.

—John O. Morris, a brakeman, was thrown from the stock train near here, Friday night, and was badly hurt. The doctor thinks he is seriously injured in the back and his recovery is doubtful.

—The rogues not being satisfied with feasting on Mr. A. B. Ely's turnips made a raid on his turkey roost the other night, but he, hearing the noise, went out in time to save the poor turkey's life, but the thief made his escape.

—A petition has been sent to Gov. McCreary asking him to have Mrs. L. C. Rice appointed postmaster at this place. It is to be hoped that she will get the appointment. She is thoroughly qualified to discharge the duties of the office, besides it will be a charitable act to give her the office as she has recently been left a widow with a little babe to take care of.

—The old bachelor, who was married at Louisville a short time ago, thought that he would out sharp the boys on his return and get rid of the tin pan music, so he and his bride got off of the train at Point Leavelle and walked about three miles and stopped at a neighbor's house. After spending the day there they then went to another neighbor's to spend the night, but the leader of the tin pan company knew of their whereabouts, so he got his band together and alarmed the neighborhood, the noise being heard five miles away. The groom was so frightened that he got up the next morning, put on his vest and started down stairs with nothing else but that and his night clothes on.

To Fatten a Lean Horse.

To render a lean horse quiet plump and pleasing to the eye of the amateur, he is usually fed on half an allowance of hay a few oats and a large mash of boiled barley daily. To contribute to the good mellow coat, he may besides receive about a pound of linseed cake, and should be kept in a rather warm stable. The dealer treats the poor horse preparing for sale much as the farmer does his feeding cattle. Exercise is restricted to the amount sufficient to maintain a fair appetite, and prevent thick legs and other evils so apt to follow from a disturbance in the balance between food and work. A horse thus kept for six or eight weeks will appear plump, but he has no condition for work, and if senselessly put to hard work will not only quickly lose the beef thus laid on, but will probably fall from disease or lameness. With more sense and safety a lean horse in good health may be tolerably rapidly improved in appearance, and also in working condition, by liberally feeding and light work, and thus treated will be greatly more serviceable than if his beef and fat had been piled on him as if he had been a feeding ox.—[Farm and Home.]

—Wayne county pays \$48 per year for the board of her paupers.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Penny & McAlister.

What Can Be Done?

By trying again and keeping up courage many things seemingly impossible may be attained. Hundreds of hopeless cases of Kidney and Liver Complaint have been cured by Electric Bitters, after everything else had been tried in vain. So don't think there is no cure for you, but try Electric Bitters. There is no medicine so safe, so pure and so perfect a Blood Purifier. Electric Bitters will cure Dyspepsia, Diabetes and all Diseases of the Kidneys. Invaluable in affections of Stomach and Liver, and overcomes all Urinary Difficulties. Large bottles only 50 cents a bottle at Penny & McAlister.

Excitement in Texas.

Great excitement has been caused in the vicinity of Paris, Texas, by the remarkable recovery of Mr. J. E. Corley, who was so helpless he could not turn in bed, or raise his head; everybody said he was dying of Consumption. A trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery was sent him. Finding relief, he bought a large bottle and a box of Dr. King's New Life Pills, and by the time he had taken two boxes of Pills and two boxes of the Discovery he was well and had gained in flesh thirty-six pounds. Trial bottles of this Great Discovery for Consumption free at Penny & McAlister's.

Positive Cure for Piles.

To the people of this county we would say that we have been given the Agency of Dr. Marchesi's Italian Pile Ointment—emphatically guaranteed to cure or money refunded—Internal, External, Blind, Bleeding or Itching Piles. Price 50c a box. For sale by Penny & McAlister, Druggists.

Daughters, Wives and Mothers.

We emphatically guarantee Dr. Marchesi's Catholicon, a Female Remedy, to cure Female Disorders, such as Ovarian troubles, Induration and Ulceration, Falling and Displacement or bearing down feeling, Irregularities, Barrenness, Change of Life, Leucorrhoea, besides many weaknesses springing from the above, like Headache, Bloating, Spinal Weakness, Sleeplessness, Nervous Debility, Palpitation of the Heart, &c. For sale by Druggists. Prices \$1 and \$1.50 per bottle. Send to Dr. J. B. Marchesi, Utica, N. Y., for pamphlet, free. For sale by Penny & McAlister, Druggists.

SENSATION OF THE CENTURY!

Listen while we tell you the story: How and why we do it.

Our New York buyer has been attending all the large Auction Sales in New York City for the last few weeks, and now the goods are beginning to roll in so fast that we can hardly find room for them. They were bought in many instances at one half real value. We must have room and the only way we know of to get it is to quote prices that will enable everybody, the poor as well as the rich, to lay in a supply of Fall and Winter Goods.

THIS WILL BE A GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY

For the people of Lincoln and adjoining Counties to supply themselves with seasonable goods at just the time they were most needed and at prices that will seem incredible, but are only too real.

Come and see the magic power of the almighty Dollar as shown only at the GREAT BARGAIN STORE. Facts that will sober those that recklessly squander their hard earnings.

Below we give figures that are boiled down to the solid essence of Real Economy. OUR

TERMS ARE STRICTLY CASH DOWN.

We charge goods to no one whatever, so it will be useless to ask for credit. Thousands of yards of good Dark Prints at 4c per yard. All of our best standard prints at 5c per yard. Good, fine Brown Muslin, yard wide, 5c per yard. Extra heavy at 6c, 7c and 8c. Nice Bleached Muslin, 5c per yard. All the best brands Bleached Muslins at 8c per yard—considered cheap at 10c. Good Canton Flannel, 6c per yard. Better Qualities at 7c and 8c. Our 10 cent quality will be found the heaviest and best ever shown in Stanford for the money. Good Gingham 5c per yard. Extra Gingham 6c per yard. The very best Gingham in the market 8c per yard. A big drive in Plaid Linsey at 10c per yard, or 12 yards for \$1. Regular price 15c per yard. Good Bed Ticking at 8c, 10c and 12c per yard, worth a great deal more elsewhere.

DRESS GOODS.

Stacks of elegant Brocade Dress Goods, all colors, 6c per yard. Twilled Cashmere, all colors, 8c per yard. Elegant half wool Dress Goods at 10c, 12c and 15c per yard, worth from 20c to 25c per yard. Double width Cashmere at the extremely low price of 16c, usual price 25c per yard. In better quality all wool Cashmeres we guarantee a saving of from 15 to 25 per cent.

JEANS, FLANNELS, &C.

In this department we can show you some big bargains. Good Jeans at 15c, 18c and 20c per yard. Our 25c Jeans will be hard to match for 35c.

A strictly all wool flannel Jeans at 35c that you have all been in the habit of paying 50c for. Flannels—we have an immense assortment in prices from 10c per yard upwards.

BLANKETS AND COMFORTS.

One of our special drives is a good, heavy gray Blanket at the unheard of price of 25c each. Good white Blankets at 65c each, or \$1.25 per pair. An elegant 11-4 white Blanket at \$2.25 per pair, worth \$3.50 elsewhere. Good, large Comforts at 85c, \$1 and \$1.25.

CLOTHING.

This branch of our business has had special attention this season and now we can show a stock that for elegance of style and workmanship, can not be surpassed in Kentucky. All of our best suits are made to order, especially for us. They are strictly Tailor made goods and we guarantee them equal to the suits that you pay two or three times the money for. These goods range in price from \$10, \$12, \$15, \$18 to \$20 and we are satisfied that any one getting one of these suits will be pleased with it and he will probably save a five-dollar bill.

We sell a man's good, durable suit for \$3. Very good suits for \$4 and \$4.50, and for \$5 we will sell you a strictly all wool suit that usually sells for \$10. These are a special job lot and can not be duplicated after this lot is sold.

Men's elegant reversible Overcoats at \$3, worth \$6. Men's good heavy Overcoats at \$4, \$5 and \$6 that you can not match for less than from \$1 to \$2 more.

One lot of Boys' Wool Vests at 35c each. A big drive in Men's Flannel Blouses at 50c to 75c each. It will pay you to look at our Clothing before buying.

LADIES' CLOAKS AND WRAPS.

In this line we acknowledge no opposition whatever. All of these goods were bought at from one-fourth to one-half real value and are to be sold the same way.

One lot Ladies' Cloaks at \$1, worth \$3. One lot Ladies' Cloaks at \$2, worth \$4. One lot elegant Newmarkets and Dolmans, fur trimmed, at \$5, \$6 and \$7, worth from \$8 to \$10. One lot elegant fur-lined Silk Circulars at \$8.50 and \$9, worth \$12 to \$15. One lot better quality at \$10 to \$11; would be cheap at \$15. Children's Cloaks—large variety from 75c up.

Ladies' Jerseys, all sizes, 60c each; same quality we sold at \$1 a short time since. An elegant vest front Jersey at 75c, worth \$1.25. Something new; ask to see it. In better qualities we have them at \$1, \$1.25, \$1.75, \$2, \$2.50 and \$2.75, all of which are bargains.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Men's good, heavy Brogans 75c per pair, cheap at \$1. Men's fine Shoes at \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2 and \$2.50. Men's good winter Boots at \$1.50, that no one would think of pricing at less than \$2.25. The very best quality whole stock custom made Boots at \$2, \$2.25, \$2.50, \$2.75, \$3, \$3.25 and \$3.50. Boys' Boots all prices from 75c to \$2.

Ladies' and Children's winter Shoes in great variety and at astonishingly low prices. One of our specialties is a Ladies' Glove Kid Foxed Button Boot with worked button holes at \$1.75 per pair, considered cheap by regular dealers at \$2.50. Rubber Overshoes and Arctics, all styles.

HATS AND CAPS.

When we say we have these goods at one-half regular prices we mean every word we say. One lot Boys' Polo Caps at 10c each; 3 for 25c. One lot better quality at 20c, worth 40c. One lot Boys' Wool Hats 15c each. One lot Men's heavy winter caps at 20c each, worth 50c. One lot of Men's Wool Hats at 25c, worth 50c. One lot of Men's Fur Hats at \$1, worth \$2. We have about 300 good quality Men's Stiff Fur Hats that we have been selling \$1.50 each that we are going to close out at 50c and 75c each.

Large assortment of Ladies' and Children's Hats at one-half real value.

Notions and Specialties From Auction.

Look well to the Nickles—the Dollars will take care of themselves.

We have succeeded in getting another large shipment of the Celebrated Windom Six cord Soft Finish Spool Cotton in white, black and colors. Each spool contains 200 yards and it will work on any machine, equal to Clark's, as all know who have tried it. We sell it two spools for 5c, or just half price of any good machine thread known. Stuart's best Thread, 1c per spool, warranted 200 yards.

Wool Saddle Blankets 15c each; two for 25c. Whalebone Buggy Whips 25c each, worth 75c. Linen Shirt Bosoms 10c each; three for 25c. Men's Shirts 15c, 20c and 25c each. Ladies' all-wool Hose, extra quality and length with a few slight manufacturers' imperfections, at 15c and 25c per pair, worth 40c. Men's good Socks at 5c per pair. Men's heavy wool socks 10c per pair. Job lot Suspenders 10c per pair; three for 25c.

Three papers good Pins for 5c. Three papers good Needles for 5c. Two boxes good Blacking for 5c. Good Hair Brushes 15c, worth 35c. Job lot Ladies' Linen Collars 5c each. Men's Collars, standing or turn down, Earl & Wilson's and all the best makes, 10c each, worth from 15c to 25c. Ladies' Hand Bags 25c each, worth 50c. Ladies' Kid Gloves 35c per pair, worth 75c. Good Pocket Books 5c each. Twelve dozen Shirt Buttons for 5c. Six packages Hair Pins for 5c. Fancy bordered Handkerchiefs 4c each. Best Shoe Polish for Ladies' Shoes 10c. Best bottle, worth 25c. Twenty-four sheets good Note paper for 5c. Twenty-five good Envelops for 5c.

Lamp Shears 5c per pair. Face Powder best quality 5c per box. Spool Silk all colors, 100 yards, 5c spool. Rubber Ribbon 5c per yard, worth 10c. Table Oil Cloth 15c per yard, two yards for 25c. Breakfast Shawls 20c each. Men's Red Undershirts, wool, 75c, worth \$1, and hundreds of other things equally as cheap that we have neither time nor space to mention.

A great many think us foolish to sell at the prices we do, but we have found out that the way to increase trade is to get the prices down. We buy our goods and pay for them generally before they get in the House. They are ours and we shall sell them at such prices as we think best. We want you to come and see us, whether customers or not. We will gladly show you our goods and will not get at all mad if you don't buy.

To those living out of town we will say that we can save you enough on a small purchase to pay your railroad fare both ways for a number of miles. Country merchants, we have bargains for you and can save you the expense of going to the city.

The Great Bargain Store.

S. L. POWERS & CO.,

Popular Originators and Promoters of Low Prices for all the People,

St. Asaph Hotel Building, Main Street, STANFORD, KY.

Stanford, Ky., November 3, 1885

W. P. WALTON.

GEN. GEORGE B. MCCLELLAN, the distinguished soldier and statesman, died suddenly at his home at Orange Mountain, N. J., last week, of neuralgia of the heart, aged 59. He was a graduate of West Point and served with distinction in the Mexican war. Resigning his commission in the United States army he became chief engineer of the Illinois Central railroad and afterwards its president. At the opening of the civil war, he was commissioned a Major General of Ohio volunteers and placed in command in the Department of the Ohio. He was made Major General in the regular army May 14, 1861, and commanded in several engagements in West Virginia receiving a vote of thanks from Congress. On July 22, the day after the Federal defeat at Bull Run, he was placed in command of the Division of the Potomac, and shortly after the Army of the Potomac and on the retirement of Gen. Scott was made General-in-Chief of the U. S. Armies. He opened the campaign against Richmond and subsequently much dissatisfaction having arisen at his slowness, he was superseded by Burnside and ordered to proceed to Trenton, N. J. to await further orders which never came, and he took no further part in the war. In 1864 the democratic national convention, nominated him for President, but he only received the electoral votes of this State, Delaware and New Jersey. He was chosen as the democratic candidate for governor of New Jersey in 1882 and was elected and filled out his term of office. There is hardly any doubt that had not a radical cabinet opposed him and thrown obstacles in his way, the war would have ended several years before it did, but McClellan was a democrat and therefore his every act was suspicious and scrutinized by men less loyal than he. He was a brave and chivalrous man, however, and his memory will be cherished by every true patriot in the land.

THE result of the three-day scramble for the nomination for Circuit Judge in the Fifth District was the selection of Hon. Willis Reeves, after the refusal of the Rhodes delegates from Warren and Simpson to vote because of the questionable methods of the Reeves men. There is some talk of Rhodes becoming an independent candidate. The convention was very disorderly and disgraceful considering that the nominations were for high judicial offices. We do not know whether the candidates themselves are responsible for the condition of things but we do know that no man is fit to be judge who has been trading around for a nomination.

THEY don't seem to have any better laws in regard to the qualification of jurors in New York than here, where the more ignorant a man is as a general thing, the better qualified he is to serve. One of the jurors in the Ford Ward case which has been talked of from one end of the country to the other, owed his selection to the fact that when asked if he "had read anything about Mr. Ward?" answered that he "had read about Henry Ward Beecher, but he didn't know if that was the same Ward."

THE primary election in Marion was a hotly contested one and Spalding, the man accused of releasing a prisoner for a money consideration, was renominated for county attorney. His friends regard this as a vindication, but others say it was accomplished by a very free use of money. John Severance, late of this county, was nominated for we do not know how many times for County Clerk.

THE Weather Bureau is getting things down to a fine point. Of the indications for the entire year \$3.6 per cent. were verified, as were 93 per cent. of the cautionary signals and 80 per cent. of the cold wave signals. The number of miles of military telegraph operated is 2,779 and 489 signal stations are reported.

WE regret to know that Dr. J. D. Woods has been compelled by his increasing official duties as Public Printer to retire from the editorial charge of the *Frankfort Capital*, but it is much consolation to know that that accomplished young journalist, Mr. George V. Triplett, will take his place.

CHECKING news comes from New York and Virginia, which States hold elections to-day, but it is far from being certain that the democrats will win. The wish is so much father to the thought, however, that we shall hope for the good sense of the people till the results show otherwise.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND announced that after November 1, he will not grant interviews to persons seeking public positions, or their advocates. And this too, with 100,000 republican rascals in office. Verily the country is going to the devil.

NOTES OF CURRENT EVENTS.

—Snow storms are reported from New York and various parts of Ohio.

—Frederick P. Winston, of Chicago, has been appointed Minister to Persia.

—John Williams has been sentenced to be hanged in Bourbon for the murder of Henry Skillman.

—The deficit in postal receipts of the present year, as against last year, is over five million dollars.

—Counterfeit fifty-cent pieces of the 1880 issue are in circulation. They are of clever workmanship.

—The greatest flood in five years is reported from Virginia. Great damage has been done to railroads, accidents occurring to several trains, with loss of life.

—Harrodsburg is to have a \$20,000 hotel. The stock has all been subscribed.

—Mrs. Gen. Grant has written a letter to Mayor Grace, of New York, as to the final resting place of her husband's remains. She desires that they shall remain where they are at present.

—George McLaughlin, one of the circus robbers, was given five years at Frankfort Saturday. There are four other indictments against him. The other rascals will not be tried till January.

—Senator Leland Stanford has donated \$5,000 acres of land, valued at \$3,500,000, for the endowment of a University at Palo Alto, Cal. He proposes to make it the best educational institution in this country or Europe.

—Mrs. Fannie E. Gibbs, of Alabama, has brought suit in the United States Court of Texas against Eugene N. Brooks for \$100,000, for killing her husband, Wm. Stuart Gibbs. The parties are prominent and wealthy.

—Gen. McClellan's funeral took place yesterday and was very unostentatious, his request that no military display be had being observed. Among the pall bearers were Gen. W. S. Hancock and Joseph E. Johnston.

—From Mexico come the details of a terrible outrage perpetrated by bandits, who flayed the feet of their victim, cut off his ears and wrists, tore out his eyes, dragged him at their saddle-bows and finally tore his body in two. The demons escaped.

—Wm. E. Smith, of Plattsburg, N. Y., has been appointed Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, vice Charles E. Coon, resigned. He is a lawyer, about forty-five years old, has been a leader of the young democracy and a follower of Mr. Tilden.

—Alfred E. Lee, former private Secretary to R. B. Hayes, denies that Gen. Grant ever believed that Mr. Tilden was elected, as stated by Mr. Geo. W. Childs, and states that Grant said to him that, in a certain contingency, he "would have hanged Mr. Tilden."

—Over five hundred witnesses have drawn pay for attendance at this term of the United States Court, and the fees amount to \$10,300. This is the largest sum ever expended at any one term in the history of the court in Kentucky. [Louisville Commercial.]

—Last June David Conger chopped his wife's head off with an ax in Guerny county, O. When arrested he feigned insanity, and remained absolutely dumb until Saturday, when, after being sentenced to ninety years' imprisonment, he broke forth in the most horrible oaths, cursing the court and all about him.

Call of Meeting of Democratic Judicial Committee.

The members composing the democratic committee of the 8th Judicial District, will meet at Stanford at 1 o'clock, Friday, Nov. 20th, 1885, to fix the manner and time for the nomination of a Circuit Judge and Commonwealth's Attorney.

Stanford, Nov. 2. J. E. LYNN, Chm.

MT. VERNON DEPARTMENT.

Managed by Jno. B. Fish.

—There was a slight fall of snow this morning.

—Henry McClure and Wallace Lutzell had a little row in town Saturday, and were fined \$2.50 each. Lutzell paid all the costs.

—Alfred Luce, who has been in jail on two charges of bastardy, has been released. T. N. Roberts, and G. W. McClure, becoming securities for his appearance at the next term of the county court.

—A number of our citizens were summoned to Stanford Friday night as jurors in the case of the Commonwealth vs. Carson. Nearly all obeyed the summons and went down on the early morning freight train.

—A debate between Rys. H. D. Barnett, of the M. E. Church, and J. C. Carmichael, of the Baptist church, has been going on at Friendship church, in the low edge of the county, for several days. Rev. Gill, of London, is Moderator. Both of the debaters are residents of that end of the county and great crowds attend to hear them. A number of visiting preachers are in attendance.

—Dr. R. G. Radd, of Miles City, Montana, is visiting relatives in this county. He will attend a course of medical lectures in New York city this winter. John M. Williams, is back from Mitchell, Ind., where he has been attending school. He is afflicted with rheumatism. Miss Mattie Newcomb has returned from a two month visit to friends in Garrard county. Miss Mattie Williams is spending a few days with friends and relatives in the "Rock City."

J. D. Chandler, of Louisville, was in town yesterday. Capt. B. F. Holman, of Manchester, Ky., was in town several days last week.

—The County Court of Claims was in session last week and allowed claims to the amount of about \$3,000. The county judge and county attorney were allowed \$300 each; county superintendent, \$245; jailer, \$281; county clerk \$118. The jailer was allowed \$50, his part of an attorney's fee for defending himself in connection with the county judge and county attorney, against the charge of false imprisonment by S. H. Thompson and T. T. Wallace. As a member of the court said at the time, "it looks like robbing the people if the county has to pay this \$50." His protest was of no avail. The proposition passed with only three dissenting votes out of fourteen—two democrats and one republican.

Robert Bonner is past sixty and worth \$5,000,000 or \$6,000,000. No man is better satisfied with his paper, his fortune, his Presbyterianism, his horses and himself. And he ought to be, having begun as a type setter without friends or influence, and having achieved his present position by unflinching energy and perseverance. [N. Y. Journal.]

GEO. O. BARNES.

More Evidence of the Fulfillment of the Promise to Abraham.

"Praise the Lord. God is Love and Nothing Else."

PROSPECT POINT, LANDOUR, N. INDIA, Sept. 22, 1885.

DEAR INTERIOR:—Our outgoing mail changes its arrangements this week, and I am able to give you another letter, in three days after the dispatch of my last.

Our travellers in the interior must be near the everlasting snows by this time, being 9 days out. But we hear nothing from them—and "no news is good news" in this case; for only in the event of accidental disaster would they incur the expense of sending special messengers so great a distance.

As for "postal communications," in the civilized sense of that term, I do not suppose the Rajah of Tehree, (in whose dominions they are, after leaving Landour for half a mile) has such a thing in his somewhat extensive mountain principality.

You have often met the term Dehra Dhoon in my letters from "Prospect Point." This is the name of the lovely valley 15 or 20 miles wide—dotted with tea plantations, and fertile in soil—that lies up and down the Himalayan range, here away, between the Sirvaliks, or 1st range (1,000 feet high) and the 2d or Sanitarika range (7 or 8,000 feet), and which "once upon a time" belonged to the ancestors of this same Rajah of Tehree. All up and down these second ranges—and extending back to the snowy range, with its unpeopled altitude—for a thousand miles, dwells a hardy, mountain race, that quite differs from the denizens of the plains. They are brave, liberty loving, active in body and hardy livers, though smaller in stature than their brethren below. Wherever the British have crossed swords with them they have found them such exceedingly tough customers that the present policy is, to let them alone; interfere as little as possible; subsidize the Rajahs liberally for the privilege of recruiting regiments from their warlike subjects; and cultivate the friendliest relations with them—avoiding carefully anything that would provoke collision. In this way, with judicious "residents" at their several courts, the English have a long line of friendly tribes, who really constitute a most admirable frontier defense; for they will be as slow to let in any hostile power from the other side of their inaccessible mountains as to allow the British to encroach upon their territory. This "buffer policy" as it is entitled among Indian statesmen, is the one that is so prominently before the world now, in the notorious Afghan embroglio. Only the Afghans are so bloodthirsty and treacherous, and so unutterably jealous of the English, that the government is always at its wit's end in dealing with such a suspicious lot, and know not, any moment but that they will "sell out" to the Russians and turn the splendid weapons, lately furnished by the Indian Viceroy, upon the givers. This makes the present situation so very ticklish. Peace and quiet hang upon the life of the present Ameer, who is undoubtedly loyal to the British alliance, and hostile to Russia. But a single bullet, sword thrust or a dose of poison, may change the whole situation in an hour.

But the Afghans on the N. W. and the loyal mountaineers on the east of British India are very widely different. The finest native corps in the British army are the Ghoorka battalions recruited from Nepal just south of us. These undersized, but gallant little soldiers—active as cats and brave as Julius Cesar—have been found simply invaluable, especially in mountain warfare. In the Afghan campaigns, these intrepid hillmen have, once and again, turned the tide of battle against concealed marksmen, scaling rocks, mountain sides and with their deadly Koorkees (a sort of crooked knife like a sickle) butchering the unerring Afghani and Afghan marksmen, behind their coverts. The northern tribes men stand in terror of them, to this day, far more than of the British soldiers.

Right under our Landour mountain, to the left, is a conical hill where an English army in vain tried to dislodge a Ghoorka force, which "held the fort" against repeated charges. Gen. Gillespie's monument is standing now, on the place where the gallant soldier fell, heading an unsuccessful assault. And the only way the British gained an advantage was by cutting off the water supply from the besieged. Then the Ghoorkas fled across the Dhoon and were speedily followed and scattered. This, in the days of old, when the Dehra Dhoon belonged to them. When peace came, the English retained the Dhoon, to pay the expenses of the campaign, reserved a site for a Sanitarium, in this second range and turned over a tremendously diminished principality to the old Tehree Rajah. Five minutes' walk from Prospect Point we are out of British territory and in the Rajah's jurisdiction. We pay a monthly tax to that potentate for the privilege of cutting grass for cows or horses or firewood from his forests.

The Ghoorka regiments, in addition to the Salidar rifle—the common armament of the native or Sepoy corps—have, as "sidearms," their national knife, with which they are simply unconquerable, at close quarters. Woe to the unhappy foe that gets within reach of the slash of that skillfully wielded weapon. One stroke and all is over. A second would be a burning reproach to a Ghoorka. In their religious sacrifices—one feature of a certain part of the ceremonial, is, for a Ghoorka priest to sever the head of a bullock from its shoulders with a single stroke of the Koorkee.

A second would vitiate the offering, in the sight of their deity. The present conservative government are about to increase the Ghoorka force—largely—in the general plan of a greatly

increased Indian army, called out by the alarm at Russian aggression. The volunteer movement, here, is a notable one. Yesterday I saw the two companies, raised at this little hill station, on parade. They are fine soldiers already and splendidly armed. And every station in India has its well-drilled, volunteer contingents now. In case of war, these would have to act as local defenders, while the "regulars" marched to meet the foe. They will be invaluable. They are chiefly Eurasians, with a sprinkling of English merchants and clerks—the latter generally officers. What a curious outcome this! A wonderful illustration of how the LORD brings good out of evil. I have before mentioned the anomalous position of the "Eurasians" or people of mixed European and Indian blood. The race began of course in illicit love. Its ramifications now run up into millions; perhaps. These are all loyal to the core, and proud of the little or much English blood in their veins; which lifts them above the native; though, alas! it does not bring them on a level with the conquering race. Still the lines are, in some cases, almost broken over. There is a splendid array of energy and ability in the "first class" Eurasian. The government offices are filled with them. And the Abrahamic blood tells, even a few drops of it. Wonderful! that in this Eastern solution of Samson's riddle—G's riddle—"Out of the eater comes forth meat"—these children of an unhallowed past, should come to be the brick bone of this great Indian Empire in the grand present! So from Judah's lion spring the Saviors of the world. "Oh the depths! the depths! of the wisdom and knowledge of God! How unsearchable are His judgments, and His ways past finding out. I thought of this, yesterday, with intensest interest, as I marked the martial "tramp! tramp!" of the fine fellows, going to parade. Hardly a face but bore the tint, that told of mixed parentage, but a handsomer or more athletic troop of square shouldered, athletic, up-headed soldiers it would be hard to find. Their uniforms are varied now—gray or black—but next year they all go into scarlet, like "regulars." I am glad of that. It is the imperial color—Israel's badge. Its flashing tint is, to me—the fulfillment of God's precious word, spoken three 4000 years ago, to Abraham—that his seed should rule the planet. Through how many crooked ways of man's devising, the dear LORD has been compelled by stubborn human will to go, in fulfilling His own word of truth—God Himself only knows. But the fulfillment is the point. And through how many ways of shame and sorrow the dear LORD has yet to go, because the race He loves "For the Father's sake," is "stiff-necked," as of old—again God only knows. But the fulfillment is sure because

"No word He hath spoken Was ever yet broken," And men shall yet confess that our God is true to all His promises, however the consummation lingers.

[CONTINUED NEXT ISSUE.]

DANVILLE, BOYLE COUNTY.

—D. N. Hixman on Saturday shipped for Wakefield & Hudson to New Orleans a car-load of sugar mules, consigned to Martin, Thompson & Co.

—The project for erecting a monument to Wm. F. Marvin, Danville's late poet, will be revived shortly and it is thought be carried through to success.

—Mrs. H. C. Sumner, of New York, arrived Thursday evening to join her husband, who is assisting in the revival meeting now in progress at the Walnut street M. E. church.

—It was Mr. Jehu Harlan, who sold his farm in this county to Everhart Handley instead of John Harlan as your type made me say last week. Mr. Harlan has advertised his personality for sale on the 17th inst.

—An elegant dinner party complimentary to Mrs. L. W. Robertson, of Mayfield, was given by Mrs. J. K. Sumrall at her home near town on Friday last. Other friends present were Mrs. W. G. Dunlap, Mrs. W. S. Rowland, Mrs. A. S. Robertson, Jr., Mrs. Wm. Warren, Misses Valinda and Mary Chandler.

—Mrs. Eliza Halleck, widow of Gen. Halleck, who served in the staff of Gen. R. H. Gano during the civil war, is in town, the guest of her niece, Mrs. Robt. Hann. Messrs. Mark Wakefield and L. H. Hudson are in Missouri buying mules. Messrs. W. J. Lyle and Thos. McRoberts are in Mexico on a business trip. Mrs. H. G. Sandifer is in Greenburg visiting her mother, Mrs. Maxon, who is very ill.

—Early last June a number of colored troops happened to meet at the palatial residence of Dennis Caldwell, also colored, of this place, and engaged in an awful game of "chuck a luck." A reliable one of the contrabands informed your correspondent that there was nearly thirty-five cents in the crowd when the game began and when the party was arrested Dennis was arraigned on a charge of "suffering gaming" and after judicial investigation was sent to the work-house for 350 days. He remained there until last week when his judgment being conclusive that he had about expiated his crime he petitioned the governor for a pardon which was granted, and Dennis is now as free as ever was McGregor on his native heath.

The creameries in Sullivan, Wis., put their butter into earthen jars or crocks of from five to twenty pounds each, and send these to regular customers in Milwaukee, who use the butter and return the jars to be refilled. In this way the citizens of the city get firm, fresh butter for their tables all the time, and the dairymen get good prices. Both parties profit by the transaction.

—Col. J. W. Buck, of Woodford county, shot and killed a dog, which was running his sheep, at a distance of 460 yards. The shot was made off-handed with a Springfield rifle.

W. H. HIGGINS

—DEALER IN—

Hardware, Horse Shoes, Groceries, Saddles, Queensware, Buggy Whips, Iron, Nails, Cane Mills, Harness, Buggy Wheels, Stoves, Old Mills, Lap Covers, Spokes, Grates, Corn Shellers, Collars, Rims, Stoneware.

Oliver Chilled, Champion Steel and Brinley Combined Plows, Wooden and Cast Pumps, and the Celebrated Mayfield Elevator. Tin Roofing and Guttering will have prompt attention.

Salemen: W. B. McKinney, John Bright, Jr.

THE NEW GROCERY AND HARDWARE HOUSE OF

TAYLOR BROS.

HUSTONVILLE, KY.

Would kindly ask your attention to the fact that they have just returned from the cities with a large and well selected stock of CHOICE

FAMILY GROCERIES

In endless variety, dainty in quality and satisfactory in price; this we guarantee. Our aim shall be at all times to supply every want in our line.

OUR HARDWARE AND POCKET CUTLERY

Consists of the Standard Brands of Europe and America. Our large line of Cooking Stoves includes the justly celebrated "Great Western Reserve" and many other family favorites. Our China, Glass and Queensware stock consists in part of Table, Tea and Chamber Sets complete, Glassware richly cut and etched. In the way of breadstuffs we name Buckwheat Flour, the queen of all flours. Our celebrated Patent "G. M." Flour, unrivaled for cake and pastry, while Rice and Hominy, our own patriotic products, arranged as faithful adjuncts. All the delicacies in Foreign and Domestic Cuisines are here. Tin, Stone, Wooden and Willowware, Electric Lamps, Stationery, Canned Meats and Fruits and a complete line of Cigars and Tobaccos. Well, this is only a hint of what we have. Believing that we can make it to your interest, we confidently ask an examination of our goods and your patronage. Respectfully, TAYLOR BROTHERS.

Penny & M'Alister

PHARMACISTS.

Drugs, Books, Stationery and Fancy Articles.

Physicians' prescriptions accurately compounded.

JEWELERS.

The Largest Stock of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Silverware

Ever bought to this market. Prices Lower than the Lowest. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry Repaired on short notice and Warranted.



B. K. WEAREN,

UNDERTAKER,

Dealer in Furniture!

A Full and complete assortment of Furniture, embracing everything from the Cheapest to the Finest Parlor Suites. No need to go to the large cities to make your purchases, no matter what quantity or quality you want, as I can and will duplicate any prices you can obtain elsewhere, freight being added. Also a full assortment of Coffins, Cases, Shrouds and Robes, embracing all the New Styles, both cheap and expensive. Ware room opposite St. Asaph Hotel, Stanford, Ky.

PLEASE DON'T FORGET

That we carry the Largest Stock of Groceries, Hardware and Queensware in the city;

That we are Millers' Agents and wholesale depot for Flour and Meal;

That our stock of Pleasure Vehicles, including everything from a Road Cart to a Barouche, is always complete,

And that we guarantee Lowest Prices, style and finish considered.

Also, that we still handle the celebrated Wagons, "Old Hickory" and Mitchell.

Big line of Farming Implements, Grain Drills, Turning Plows, both riding and walking,

And all of which we guarantee at Lowest prices.

BRIGHT & METCALF,

SUCCESSORS TO BRIGHT & CURRAN.

WEALTH OF URUGUAY.

AN OBSCURE COUNTRY GROWING INTO COMMERCIAL PROMINENCE.

A Land of Great Natural Resources—A Possible Rival of the United States—Advantages of Cattle-Growers in Uruguay.

[Curtis' Montevideo Letter.]

The great wealth of Uruguay is at present in cattle and sheep, and its chief exports are wool and beef, but the agricultural resources of the country will be the basis of its future greatness, and it will enter into competition with the United States in supplying the world with breadstuffs and provisions. When a total population of only 500,000, including men, women, and children, carries on a foreign commerce of nearly \$20,000,000 annually, or \$10,000 per capita, it can be inferred that there is energy and industry at work, and a productive field for it to engage in.

It is claimed that Uruguay has greater natural resources than any other South American country, and it is probably true. It is also claimed that the profits on labor and capital are greater there than elsewhere on the continent, which the statistics demonstrate, and also that it is the cheapest place to live in the world, which is shown by the cost of food. Beef is 4 and 6 cents a pound. Good horses are worth \$10. Other things except clothing and imported luxuries are in proportion.

HIGH PRICE OF LABOR.

Labor is scarce and high, and it costs more to hire a man by the day than a team of horses. Common laborers receive \$2 a day, farm hands \$3 and \$3 a month, with \$10 extra during the busy seasons, while skilled labor is so scarce that mechanics usually charge by the job and not by the amount of time occupied. Most of the labor is done by Italians, who are so numerous that Montevideo is becoming almost as much of an Italian city as Naples. Italy furnishes the architects and builders as well as the mechanics of every sort.

The largest export of Uruguay is wool, 11,000,000 sheep making a clip worth over \$6,000,000 for exportation. The increase in sheep has been 310 per cent. in ten years. The next article of export is beef, valued at about \$6,000,000 also, being the product of about 7,000,000 cattle, which are also rapidly increasing. The third export in value is hides, of which \$3,500,000 worth are annually shipped. Then comes about \$4,500,000 worth of wheat, \$1,000,000 worth of corn, and \$1,500,000 worth of other agricultural products. All of these have more than doubled within the last ten years, and are now increasing like compound interest.

URUGUAY TO BE OUR RIVAL.

We are accustomed to regard Uruguay as an obscure and insignificant country, worth not even a thought, but the commercial strides she is making show that she means competition with the United States in the near future. Chili has taken the flour market of the west coast of South America away from California, and Uruguay and the Argentine Republic are soon to meet our Dakota, Illinois, and Kansas wheat in the markets of Europe, while they threaten an even greater danger to our cattle interests. With 100,000,000 sheep in the Argentine Republic, and 11,000,000 sheep in Uruguay, with 30,000,000 cattle in one country and 7,000,000 in the other, and only about 4,000,000 people to furnish domestic consumers between them, it is easy to see what the supply of beef and wool and mutton will soon be for exportation.

SOME OF HER ADVANTAGES.

One of the greatest advantages the cattle producers of Uruguay and Argentina will always have over those of the United States is the nearness of their ranges to the sea. The present supply of beef in both these countries for the export market comes from within a radius of 100 miles from an ocean harbor, in which can be found the steamers of every maritime nation on the earth except our own. Ocean vessels can go 1,000 miles up the River Plate and 500 miles up the Uruguay river into the heart of the cattle country, and almost tie up to the trees on the ranches, while our cattle have to be carried 1,500 to 4,000 miles on the cars. The geographical and navigable conditions of these countries are such that ours would only equal them if ocean steamers could visit Denver and Fort Dodge. Any man of business can calculate the difference in the value of the product and the difference in profits.

Fascination of Amateur Photography.

An amusement good for the body and brain, and calculated to develop a love of nature, has of late rapidly grown in favor among young Philadelphians. Amateur photography is a pursuit which fascinates whoever engages in it, and the number in this city of owners of cameras, lenses, tripods, diaphragms and the other paraphernalia of making nature write her autograph is estimated at over 500.

There are two organizations devoted to the art in this city. The Photographic society and the Amateur Photographic club. The latter named is composed of older men, while the first, made up of younger enthusiasts, has rooms with dark closets and all the apparatus for developing plates, which might be inconvenient at their homes. The invention of dry plates, which only require an exposure to take a picture, has made possible the pursuit of photography as a pastime. This reduces the skill of the wielder of the camera to the adjustment of the focus, determining the time of exposure, developing the plate and printing.

Queer Terms in London.

In London a milk dealer is called a "cow-keeper," and a man who keeps a livery stable is known as a "job master." The word "undertaker" is not limited as in the United States, but has the wider meaning of contractor. Such signs as "undertaker and house decorator" are not uncommon. "Funeral undertaker" is also seen.

The President's Daily Papers.

Over 100 papers find their way daily to the White House, but only a very few of these get to the president's tables. They are examined by clerks and usually found to contain news or comment of special interest they are quietly laid to rest in a waste-basket.

A Signboard in Paris.

A Parisian signboard reads: "Ladies and gentlemen, outfit on hire for balls and marriages. Black dress-coats and pumps. Bridesmaids let out by the day."

Too Fond of Notoriety.

The medical periodicals contain numerous paragraphs and letters complaining of physicians who, it is urged, selfishly force themselves upon public attention.

Man-Eating Whales.

Ten man-eating whales were captured recently by two men in San Diego Bay. It has never been supposed that these fish lived in that locality.

"Mother Hubbard's" is the name of a Georgia railway station.

THE WAY TO SING.

[Helen Hunt Jackson.]
The birds must know. Who wisely sings
Will sing as they.
The common air has generous wings;
Songs make their way.

No messenger to run before,
Devising plan;
No mention of the place or hour
To any man.
No waiting till some sound betrays
A listening ear;
No different voice—no new delays
If steps draw near.

"What bird is that? The song is good,"
And eager eyes
Go peering through the dusky wood
In glad surprise.

Then, late at night when by his fire
The traveler sits,
Watching the flames go brighter, higher,
The sweet song flits
By snatches through his weary brain,
To help him rest.
When next he goes that road again
An empty nest
On leafless bough will make him sigh:
"Ah, me! last spring,
Just here I heard, in passing by,
That rare bird sing."

But while he sighs, remembering
How sweet the song,
The little bird on tireless wing,
Is beating along
In other air; and other men
With weary feet,
On other roads the simple strain
Are finding sweet.

The birds must know. Who wisely sings
Will sing as they.
The common air has generous wings;
Songs make their way.

VISITING NIAGARA FALLS.

Thousands Enjoying Its Best Features
Without Fear and Without Fee.
[Cor. Chicago News.]

If any one questions the wisdom of the action of the New York legislature in condemning the property owned to the public use the thousands enjoying all its best features without fear and without fee. No forbidding signs warn the visitor that the spot he would walk upon is private ground; no notice reads, "The best view of the falls from here; entrance, 50 cents." He can go where he pleases—down the beautifully-kept grounds of Prospect park to the extremest of the Three Sisters islands, stretching out above Horseshoe falls, and nobody will stop him to demand his purse.

With four exceptions the best views of the falls are free. These exceptions are the trip and suits to go under the falls. Go ride down the incline plane (the walk down is free) to the foot of the American falls, the trip in the Maid of the Mist in the rapids, and the suspension bridge. The last might be made free, but in the other instances the visitor is taxed for services actually rendered, and though the fee may be excessive, some fee would not be unjust. On inquiry of the superintendent of the park your correspondent found that there had been a steady increase in the number of visitors ever since the reservation was dedicated to the public July last. He calculates that three persons now visit the falls where one did before that date. In rough figures, from 5,000 to 10,000 strangers daily have come to see the greatest waste of hydraulic power in the world.

At the hotels the proprietors report an exceptionally profitable season, which they only partially credit to the free reservation. They say that the class of people which is willing to pay their prices is not so economical as to grudge the fees that used to be paid to the private owners of available views of the great cataract. Sunday is the great day for visitors to come to Niagara from every city within three or four hours' railway ride. They come with baskets and families, and may be seen wandering around everywhere, enjoying more "free grails for nothing," in the possession of health and clear consciences, than many of the wealthy visitors who support the pretentious hotels.

As yet the Niagara falls reservation commission has done little to improve the trust beyond the removal of unsightly obstructions and the signs of brigandage occupancy. Next season it expects to accomplish much toward restoring the surroundings of the falls to the rugged and characteristic beauty of nature. If this is done so artistically as to keep the art out of sight the falls will be seen in an approach to that simple grandeur in which they were first seen. But nothing can restore them fully to their original grandeur. Man has marked the place with his presence.

Scotland's Emblematic Flower.

[The Quiver.]
The thistle is called carduus in botany; there are about thirty varieties of it in Europe, but none is found indigenous in the New World. The thistle obtains its name from a tradition that the root of the common carduus was shown by an angel to Charlemagne as a remedy for the plague which prevailed in his army. Carduus benedictus, the blessed thistle, was long held in extravagant estimation on account of its virtues. It is a native of the Levant, and though its qualities were most highly appreciated in the middle ages yet it is still cultivated in some places for its medicinal properties.

The origin of the Order of the Thistle is obscure; the stemless variety is recognized as the emblem of Scotland; the Order of the Thistle is the highest of Scottish chivalry, and the flower is one of the three which compose the wreath of Great Britain and Ireland. When James IV of Scotland and Margaret, daughter of Henry VII of England, were united in marriage, the Scottish poet William Dunbar sang of the "Union of the Thistle and the Rose." A hundred years later the two flowers were more closely bound together, when the great grandson of those royal persons became James I of England, being already James VI of Scotland.

Nor does this thistle appear to be more dominant in Scotland than in the north of England, where its stalk will often attain to a height of six or eight feet, and its blossoms to that of five or six inches. The smaller thistles are so perfect in shape and so bright in color that they can be worn or used in decorations and not merely reserved for the proverbial donkey.

Fairy Screws.

[Chicago News.]
Fifty cents' worth of steel is made into 100,000 screws by the machinery employed in American watch manufacture. What seems to be a little heap of the mere dust of the machine from which they fall, when examined with a microscope, is found to consist of perfect screws, each accurately threaded and dotted ready to be driven to its place with a lightning screw-driver. The 50-cent' worth of steel has acquired a value of \$11.

Steamers on the Tiber.

The classic Tiber is once more to become a commercial highway, a line of steamers having been built to run between Rome and Genoa.

The United States has thirty-nine ships in its navy.

Please examine the label on which your name is printed and remit us the amount you owe in your next arrival.

AYER'S SUGAR CATHARTIC PILLS COATED CURE

Headache, Nausea, Dizziness, and Drowsiness. They stimulate the Stomach, Liver, and Bowels, to healthy action, assist digestion, and increase the appetite. They combine cathartic, diuretic, and tonic properties of the greatest value, are a purely vegetable compound, and may be taken with perfect safety, either by children or adults. E. L. Thomas, Framingham, Mass., writes: "For a number of years I was subject to violent Headaches, arising from a disordered condition of the stomach and bowels. About a year ago I commenced the use of Ayer's Pills, and have not had a headache since." W. P. Hannah, Gormley P. O., York Co., Ont., writes: "I have used Ayer's Pills for the last thirty years, and can safely say that I have never found their equal as a cathartic medicine. I am never without them in my house." C. D. Moore, Elgin, Ill., writes: "Indigestion, Headache, and Loss of Appetite, had so weakened and debilitated my system, that I was obliged to give up work. After being under the doctor's care for two weeks, without getting any relief, I began taking Ayer's Pills. My appetite and strength returned, and I was soon enabled to resume my work, in perfect health."

Ayer's Pills,

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

AYER'S AGUE CURE

IS WARRANTED to cure Fever and Ague, Intermittent or Chills, Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Bilious Fever, Dengue (or "Break-bone" Fever), Liver Complaint, and all diseases arising from Malarial poisons.

"Harpers, S. C., July 9, 1884.
"For eighteen months I suffered with Chills and Fever, having Chills every other day. After trying various remedies recommended to cure, I used a bottle of Ayer's Ague Cure, and have never since had a chill."
EDWIN HARPER."

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists.

Happiness

results from that true contentment which indicates perfect health of body and mind. You may possess it, if you will purify and invigorate your blood with Ayer's Sarsaparilla. E. M. Howard, Newport, N. H., writes: "I suffered for years with Scrofulous humors. After using two bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, I

Found

great relief. It has entirely restored me to health." James French, Atchison, Kans., writes: "To all persons suffering from Liver Complaint, I would strongly recommend Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I was afflicted with a disease of the liver for nearly two years, when a friend advised me to take this medicine. It gave prompt relief, and has cured me." Mrs. H. M. Kidder, 41 Dwight St., Boston, Mass., writes: "For several years I have used Ayer's Sarsaparilla in my family. I never feel safe, even

At Home

without it. As a liver medicine and general purifier of the blood, it has no equal." Mrs. A. B. Allen, Waterpocket, Va., writes: "My youngest child, two years of age, was taken with Bowel Complaint, which we could not cure. We tried many remedies, but he continued to grow worse, and finally became so reduced in flesh that we could only move him upon a pillow. It was suggested by one of the doctors that Scrofula might be the cause of the trouble. We procured a bottle of

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

and commenced giving it to him. It surely worked wonders, for, in a short time, he was completely cured."

Sold by all Druggists.

Price \$1; Six bottles, \$5.
Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

Lincoln Circuit Court.

John T. Puddar and Mary E. Puddar, his wife, Ex parte.

Notices heretofore given to vacate may concern that the petition of John T. Puddar and Mary E. Puddar, his wife, have this day filed their petition in the Clerk's office of the Lincoln Circuit Court, praying that the Court cause a writ of Habeas Corpus to issue, and convey, for her own benefit any property she may own or acquire free from the claims of her husband; to make her free, she and her estate as a single woman; to trade in her own name and to dispose of her own property by will or deed.

It is hereby ordered that this notice be published in the Lincoln Circuit Court, by two consecutive insertions before the next regular term of the Lincoln Circuit Court, on the 1st day of March, 1885, at which time the Court will hear and determine on the said petition.

E. D. KENNEDY

Is a Candidate for Assessor, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

GEORGE S. CARPENTER

Is a Candidate for County Clerk, subject to the action of the Democracy.

J. M. JOHNSON

Is a Candidate for Assessor of Lincoln county, subject to the action of the Democracy.

WILLIS C. BARNETT

Is a Candidate for the office of Jailor of Lincoln county, subject to primary election of the Democratic party.

T. D. NEWLAND

Is a candidate for Sheriff of Lincoln county, subject to the action of the Democracy.

W. L. DAWSON

Is a candidate for Jailor of Lincoln county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

SAM. M. OWENS

Is a candidate for Jailor of Lincoln county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

D. R. CARPENTER

Is a Candidate for re-election as County Attorney, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

R. C. WARREN

Is a Candidate for re-election to the office of Commonwealth's Attorney of the 8th Judicial District, subject to the action of the Democracy.

O. H. WADDLE

Candidate for Commonwealth's Attorney of 8th Judicial District, subject to the action of Democratic party.

LEE S. HUFFMAN, SURGEON, DENTIST.

STANFORD, KY.
Office—South side Main Street, two doors above the Myers Hotel.
Pure Nitrous Oxide Gas administered when required.

DR. W. B. PENNY, Dentist.

STANFORD, KENTUCKY.
Office on Lancaster street, next door to INTERIOR JOURNAL office. Office hours from 9 to 12 A. M. and 1 to 5 P. M. Anesthetics administered when necessary.

FOR SALE, A Desirable Residence

On Danville street, in Stanford. The lot contains two acres and has on it a comfortable dwelling, stable, wood-house, corn crib, a splendid cistern and a large number of fruit and ornamental trees. This is one of the most desirable residences in the city. For terms and further particulars, apply to place.

FARM FOR SALE

I offer for sale my Farm of 138 Acres of fine Blue-Grass land, 2 miles South of Hustonville, in sight of the Middleburg pike. The farm is in a good state of cultivation, under good fence and one of the best watered Farms in Lincoln county. The improvements consist of a neat cottage house of 5 rooms, a splendid cistern at the door, good stable and all necessary outbuildings. If early application is made, will sell at a bargain. If not sold soon, I will rent said Farm for 1885.

2 FINE LINCOLN FARMS FOR SALE!

We offer for sale two of the best Farms in Lincoln county, Ky. Both lie on the Middleburg pike, Hustonville, on the Middleburg pike.

No. 1 Contains 340 Acres,

Well watered, fenced and improved. We will sell 200 acres out of the heart of it, or 275 acres or the whole of it.

No. 2 Contains 140 Acres,

Well improved, fenced and watered, lying just across the pike from No. 1. Both Farms are nearly all in grass and both are highly and productive. Terms easy.

JOS. COFFEY, Hustonville, Ky.

Don't Forget

—When needing anything in, the line of—
Wall Paper Decorations, Paints, oils, Varnishes, Window Glass, and Painters' Supplies Generally,
—That—
A. E. Gibbons, 3d St., Danville,
Near the post-office, has a full, fresh and brand new stock of all the above goods, which he proposes to dispose of at the

Most Reasonable Figures

That can be made outside or inside the cities. Dealing exclusively in the above line, you can find at his store a better assortment to select from at more satisfactory prices than elsewhere.

Window Glass, Mixed Paints and Fine Varnishes a Specialty.

Carpets and Builders' Paper constantly on hand. A trial is solicited and satisfaction is sure to follow.

A. E. GIBBONS, Third Street, Danville, Ky.

Dr. E. J. Nickerson,

Physician and Surgeon,
Office on 4th St., - - Danville, Ky.

Piles and Fistula Perfectly Cured.

No Knife, Ligature or Caustic Used.

Treatment Mild. No Detention From Business.

Cure Certain and Permanent. No Cure, No Pay.

Special Attention also Given to Chronic Kidney & Bladder Troubles,

As well as all Diseases peculiar to Women.

Charges moderate. Dr. N. can be consulted free of charge and will be found at his office at all times for the next three months.

By permission he refers to the following gentlemen: J. S. Bosley, G. A. Lackey, S. Irwin, Stanford, Ky.; Judge G. F. Lee, Tom Murphy, W. Temple, John M. Spoonamore, Sta. Cook, Danville, Ky.; Rev. J. A. Bogle, Hustonville; H. O. Sutton, J. S. Robinson, Lancaster, Ky.; Thos. B. Walker, C. C. Christman, Kirksville, Ky.; J. S. Johnson, Bryantville, Ky.; J. P. Daniel, McKinnety, Ky.; G. J. Bosley, Lebanon, Ky.; Geo. Lawrence, Campbellsville, Ky.; A. A. McDaniel, Bowling Green, Ky.; Geo. Bohon, Judge J. W. Hughes, Harrodsburg, Ky.; C. C. Shumate, Mt. Vernon, Ky.

Masonheimer's Restaurant

—OPPOSITE COURT-HOUSE—
DANVILLE, - - KENTUCKY.

Meals are served at all hours. Game always on hand and in its season, oysters fresh fish, and similar delicacies served in all styles and on short notice. Look out for the sign "Woodbine Restaurant" and call when you are hungry.

F. W. MASONHEIMER & CO., Danville, Ky.

LUMBER!

Dressed Pine Flooring, Ceiling, Weather Boards, Finishing Lumber, Green Lumber in the Rough, including Laths and Shingles.

For the convenience of our customers in Stanford and vicinity we have arranged with Geo. D. Wearden to keep on his yards an assortment of our Lumber, where they can get it as cheap as from our direct. He will also make estimates for any bills not on hand, which we will fill on short notice.

MELVIN & DAVIS, Lyle, Ky.

TO THE LADIES

—OF—
MCKINNEY AND VICINITY.

I am receiving a handsome line of FALL & WINTER MILLINERY, Which I invite the ladies of McKinney and vicinity to call and examine. Also a nice line of Velvets and Ribbons in latest styles for dresses. (Signed) Respectfully, Mrs. M. F. TAILOR.

PIANOS, ORGANS, MUSIC, &c

We are agents for the old and reliable John Church Co., of Cincinnati, Ohio, for the sale of Pianos, Organs, Automatic Musical Instruments and Musical Merchandise in Lincoln and Hancock counties, Kentucky. Monthly Payments received until paid for. The best standard makers: Wm. Knabe & Co., Hamilton Bros., Becker & Son, Everett and New England Pianos, either upright or square. In Organs, the following well-known makers: Cough & Warren, John Church & Co., and the Sterling, with the patent Chime Bells Attachment.

The Celestion, an Automatic Musical Instrument, the most perfect in the world. Illustrated catalogues sent free to all who apply, also the best references from those who have bought and tried any of the above musical instruments. Address us at Stanford, Ky.

S. R. & L. J. COOK, 37-lyr.

Masonheimer's Restaurant

—OPPOSITE COURT-HOUSE—
DANVILLE, - - KENTUCKY.

Meals are served at all hours. Game always on hand and in its season, oysters fresh fish, and similar delicacies served in all styles and on short notice. Look out for the sign "Woodbine Restaurant" and call when you are hungry.

F. W. MASONHEIMER & CO., Danville, Ky.

LUMBER!

Dressed Pine Flooring, Ceiling, Weather Boards, Finishing Lumber, Green Lumber in the Rough, including Laths and Shingles.

For the convenience of our customers in Stanford and vicinity we have arranged with Geo. D. Wearden to keep on his yards an assortment of our Lumber, where they can get it as cheap as from our direct. He will also make estimates for any bills not on hand, which we will fill on short notice.

MELVIN & DAVIS, Lyle, Ky.

TO THE LADIES

—OF—
MCKINNEY AND VICINITY.

I am receiving a handsome line of FALL & WINTER MILLINERY, Which I invite the ladies of McKinney and vicinity to call and examine. Also a nice line of Velvets and Ribbons in latest styles for dresses. (Signed) Respectfully, Mrs. M. F. TAILOR.

PIANOS, ORGANS, MUSIC, &c

We are agents for the old and reliable John Church Co., of Cincinnati, Ohio, for the sale of Pianos, Organs, Automatic Musical Instruments and Musical Merchandise in Lincoln and Hancock counties, Kentucky. Monthly Payments received until paid for. The best standard makers: Wm. Knabe & Co., Hamilton Bros., Becker & Son, Everett and New England Pianos, either upright or square. In Organs, the following well-known makers: Cough & Warren, John Church & Co., and the Sterling, with the patent Chime Bells Attachment.

The Celestion, an Automatic Musical Instrument, the most perfect in the world. Illustrated catalogues sent free to all who apply, also the best references from those who have bought and tried any of the above musical instruments. Address us at Stanford, Ky.

S. R. & L. J. COOK, 37-lyr.

MYERS HOTEL, STANFORD, KY.

E. H. BURNSIDE, - Prop'r

This Old and Well-Known Hotel Still Maintains its High Reputation,

—AND—
Its Proprietor is Determined that it shall be second to no Country Hotel in the State in its Fare, Appointments, or Attention to Comfort of their Guests.

Baggage will be conveyed to and from the depot free of charge. Special accommodations to Commercial Travelers. The Bar will always be supplied with the choicest brands of Liquors and Cigars.

MONON ROUTE

Through Coaches and Pullman Sleeping Cars

—From—
Louisville to Chicago,
Cincinnati to Chicago,
Indianapolis to Chicago.

THROUGH TIME TABLE

Via Louisville:

Leve. Louisville..... 7 45 a m | 7 40 p m
Arr. Lafayette..... 8 30 a m | 8 20 a m
" Chicago..... 8 20 p m | 8 00 a m

Via Cincinnati:

Leve. Cincinnati..... 7 30 a m | 7 45 p m
" Indianapolis..... 12 45 p m | 11 20 p m
Arr. Chicago..... 8 20 p m | 6 55 a m

"Daily." "Daily except Sunday.

Be sure your tickets read via the

MONON ROUTE,

(L. N. & C. Ry.) as it is the quickest, the best and most direct line to Chicago and